



Dāvinājums
LATVIJAS VALSTIJ



ASV prezidents Herberta Hūvers (1874 - 1964)
iestājās par Latvijas Republikas starptautisko atzīšanu
un sniedza jaunajai valstij materiālu palidzību.

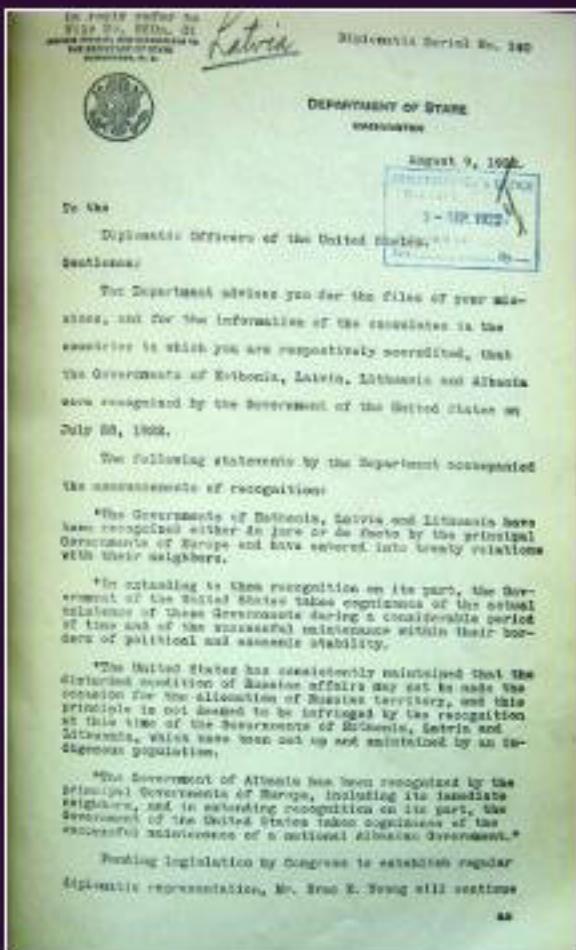
Viņa vārdā nosaukts ASV Stenfordas universitātes Hūvera institūts.



ASV dāvinājums Latvijas Republikas 90.
gadadienā – būtiskas Hūvera institūta arhīva
dokumentu kopijas par Latvijas – ASV
attiecībām un Latvijas vēsturi dažādos laika
posmos.



1922. gada 9.augusta ASV Valsts departamenta oficiālais paziņojums ASV diplomātiskajiem pārstāvjiem par to, ka ASV atzīst Baltijas valstis.



as Commissioner of the United States in Rethenia, Latvia and Lithuania; and Mr. Maxwell Eakin as Commissioner of the United States in Albania, each with the rank of Major.

To the Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

For the Secretary of State:

ROBERT WOODS BIRK

Index under:

Rethenia:
Recognition of, Latvia, Lithuania, and Albania by Government of United States on July 28, 1922.

Latvia:
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Lithuania:
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Albania:
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New Government:
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Governments:
Recognition of Rethenia, Latvia, Lithuania, and Albania by Government of United States on July 28, 1922.

Diplomatic File No. 801



ASV vēstnieka Latvijā Džona Vailija 1940. gada 16.jūnija ziņojums ASV valsts sekretāram Kordelam Hallam par okupācijas priekšvēstnesi - uzbrukumu Latvijas robežsardzei Masļenkos.

0039

AG	TELEGRAM RECEIVED Riga	DATE AND TIME
Secretary of State	Dated Jun 16, 1940	From Riga
Washington	100	TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE
100, June 16, 1 p.m.		
This morning's press published a telegraph agency version of the incident reported June 16, 9 p.m. as follows:		
"At early dawn on Sunday the frontier guard Maslenki on the Latvian-Soviet border was fired upon by fire. The corpses of two frontier guards, one woman were found on the spot as well as a woman and a fourteen year old boy survivor. Moreover, eleven frontier guards and several inhabitants have disappeared. A special investigation headed by General Bolotin, frontier-general-brigade has proceeded to Riga in order to investigate this matter. In the government organ RISB the forged was inconspicuously published on page 11.		- 2 - #186, June 16, 1 p.m. from Riga
The Latvian Telegraph Agency also reported the Soviet allegation that shortly after the signing of the mutual aid pact between Lithuania and Estonia converting the		U.S.S.R. Lithuania had broken off relations with Latvia and Estonia converting the
frontier into a military post district of the Soviet Union.		that extra ammunition has been issued to the troops. The consensus, however, does not foresee Latvian opposition to Soviet forces should they occupy the country.
In the Riga this morning the news was received that it had been authorized to report that the Soviet Union had not joined the LATVIAN-Estonian alliance concluded November 1923 and that no post existed between the Baltic Sea		Please inform War Department. Repeated to Moscow.
The fact that the situation is as well as Lithuania may be deduced that the Ministry of War has been in confidential files for the last two years. The Government are inaccessible corps and the only first hand information authoritative source comes through Attaché who by chance encountered the Minister of War, at the entrance of latter though most reticent, admitted frontier incidents other than that Soviet troops were massed on the frontier and that new Soviet demands were ex-		WILEY
The Swedish Military Attaché's anti-aircraft batteries have been established		VOC



ASV valsts sekretāra vietnieka vietas izpildītāja Samnera Velsa 1940.gada 23. jūlija oficiālais paziņojums, ka ASV neatzīst Baltijas valstu okupāciju

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
FOR THE PRESS JULY 23, 1940
No. 354

STATEMENT BY THE ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE,
THE HONORABLE SUMNER WELLES

July 23, 1940

During these past few days the devious processes —
whereunder the political independence and territorial
integrity of the three small Baltic republics—Estonia,
Latvia and Lithuania—were to be deliberately annihilated
by one of their more powerful neighbors, have been
rapidly drawing to their conclusion.

From the day when the peoples of these republics
first gained their independent and democratic form of
government the people of the United States have watched
their admirable progress in self-government with deep
and sympathetic interest.

The policy of this Government is universally known.
The people of the United States are opposed to predatory
activities no matter whether they are carried on by the
use of force or by the threat of force. They are likewise
opposed to any form of intervention on the part of
one state, however powerful, in the domestic concerns of
any other sovereign state, however weak.

These principles constitute the very foundations upon
which the existing relationship between the twenty-one
sovereign republics of the New World rests.

The United States will continue to stand by these
principles, because of the conviction of the American
people that unless the doctrine in which these principles
are inherent once again governs the relations between
nations, the rule of reason, of justice and of law—in
other words the basis of modern civilization itself—
cannot be preserved.



Latvijas sūtņa ASV Alfrēda Bīlmaņa 1941. gada 23. jūlijā vēstule ASV valsts sekretāra vietas izpildītājam Samneram Velsam sakarā ar gadadienu, kopš ASV neatzina Latvijas padomju okupāciju





Latviešu trimdas darbinieku Fēliksa Cielēna, Bruno Kalniņa, Jāņa Breikša un Voldemāra Bastjāņa 1960. gada 19. decembra vēstule jaunievēlētajam ASV prezidentam Džonam Kenedijam par Baltijas valstu neatkarības atjaunošanas nepieciešamību.

The Democratic
Senator John F. Kennedy
The President-Elect
United States of America
Washington, D. C.

Sir:

We beg you to
on your election to
world's leading nation

Today there is
Minister of the day
Latvia to greet you
of our people, our
corporated into the
to the double puke
and Russian imperialism
their voice heard.
political leaders who
have taken upon our
the name of the Latvians

Wishing you we
particularly in our
local and military
peace that is based
self-determination,
below our views on
the Baltic problem

Tides in the
waves were placed a
citizens of the United
Franklin D. Roosevelt

also by other peoples, especially
foreign domination. Both times
fulfilled only in part. And to
two of World War II, peace and
and by a dictatorially led by
Again today the entire world —
the remaining colonial peoples
the peoples under Russian dominion
the United States for a new, etc.
It is our deep conviction that
political situation the United
States and his Cabinet have
tiny with an extraordinary aim
world peace in justice and freedom.
It is now clearly realized that
conditions and recognition of an
able regime do not bring about

At a time when the former
in Asia have acquired national
the various peoples of Africa
political scene, the captive nations
and Eastern Europe have all the
months and recent Russian domination
and challenge. Up to world
only conscious peoples lived in
states; unless their freedom is
inspired policy of the Great Britain
will accumulate psychological
given situation, may explode.
In 1956, if popular discontent
in West Germany, Poland or the
it may happen that, contrary to
Washington, Bonn and Moscow, the
world will be precipitated into
crisis, which could lead to a war.
The restoration of national
the area under discussion in
international consensus, whose few
necessary prerequisite for a

Lately much has been said
and discussed, particularly
Khrushchev. He has done so in
propagandistic manner, speakin

and abstract total
that one can neither
gradual controlled re
concrete differences
settled and the major
the world today are a

It should be noted
these problems through
United Nations, provided
handed to. As regards
abolishing national sovereignty
the soundest way is a
President Wilson, i.e.,
and supervised plebiscite.

One of the causes
today is the liberation
giving them the possible
future by a public
forces as instruments
recognition of the pr
mission. We request

1. That the United
recognizing in a
legal annexation of the
Soviet Union and that
diplomatic missions in
representatives of the

2. That the United
to adopt a resolution
which:
(a) would call
its troops from
countries and submit
administrative and other

(b) call for the
administering a plebiscite,

(c) call for a pleb
whether the annexation
the Soviet Union or with
ratio form of government
they enjoyed after world
should be carried out in
troops designated by the
the supervision of this
right to vote should be
more citizens of one of
and to their descendants
rent residence.

We wish to point out
after having regained its
countries — Estonia, Latvia
in our opinion, form a
would be internationally
sovereignty and territories
assisted by the United States
and the Federal Republic

Trusting that you
and just requests, we to
our heartfelt gratitude
has given to our people

We beg you, Sir, to
deepest respect.

Felixis CIELĒNS —
Member of Latvian Parliament
Affairs Committee; now

Jānis BREIKŠS —
the Liberal Democratic
Bruno KALNIŅS —
vian Social Democratic
and

authorized to sign this letter:

Voldemārs BASTJĀŅIS — former Minister of Finance
and Member of Latvian Parliament; a leader of the Social Democratic Party; now
in BOSTON, Massachusetts.

V. Voldemārs BASTJĀŅIS,
49 Cedar Street
Buxbury, Boston, Mass.



Latvijas Republikas ministru prezidenta Kārļa Ulmaņa 1920.gada 23.jūlijā pateicības vēstule Amerikas Palīdzības pārvaldes un Eiropas bērnu fonda nodaļu vadītājam Latvijā (1919 - 1920) Tomasam Orbisonam par sniegtu palīdzību Latvijas valstij.

far from you in the street and caused your heavy suffering by continuous guerrilla. You will remember theenstein joy of the people when they heard that you were returning, the many expressions of sympathy, the manifestations of children and the kindly words addressed to you, and I am sure the words which you said to the children about the love of every nation's country

We deeply appreciate the very kind help given by Acting Member of the European Children's Fund, and I desire to extend our most cordial thanks to the generous donor and initiator of the great work of relief—the People of the United States. The assistance lent to Latvia will never be

RIGA, July 23rd 1920.

Very cordially yours

Ulmanis

Prime Minister of Latvia.

American assistance was heartily appreciated by the children of our country and their mothers. Owing to your pronounced talent of organization you had in September 1919 already managed to establish public kitchens for nearly 60,000 children. You desired to help whenever necessary was needed, and your generous friendly letter was for you, the "American Uncle", as you were called by all there. Hilfe were under your care, the deepest love of the people of Latvia.

During the days of October 1919, when Riga was severely bombarded by hostile German forces, you insisted on returning to a safer place, steadily remained in the city. You wanted to be together with the children under your care even in danger. So it happened that a German grenade burst in your room and injured you. Fortunately, you recovered soon. You continued your activities and it happened for a second time that a shell exploded not

the increase of their joy of life.

All this you rendered, dear Captain, during your more than one year's activities in Latvia by applying your own experience and devoting all your energy to your task. You lived your work and put your whole heart into it, and by your integrity and virtue, your readiness to help whatsoever possible, your warm kindness towards everybody approaching you and your bright enthusiasm for every high, noble mission—you have won the entire confidence, respect and whole-hearted love of the inhabitants of Latvia.

Now that your relief organization is going to come to work, I have the honor, dear Captain GIBBISON, to propose to you, in the name of the people of Latvia and on behalf of the Latvian Government the deepest and most sincere gratitude for your kindliest, untiring, selfless activities in our country.



Rīgas bērni dāvina Lieldienu olas Tomasm Orbisonam 1920. gadā.





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ASV prezidenta Herberta Hūvera piemiņas medaļa.



Vēlākais ASV prezidents H.Hūvers no 1914. gada organizēja humānās palīdzības programmu Pirmā pasaules kara izpostītajām Eiropas valstīm. Tā radās Amerikas Palīdzības pārvalde, kura deva nozīmīgu ieguldījumu arī Latvijas apgādē ar pārtiku Brīvības cīņu laikā.



Pateicamies

Hūvera institūtam par dāvinājumu!

Rīgā, 2008.gada 13.novembrī